香港德信2019年度旅遊研討會獎勵 5天4夜泰國之旅

HK DXN Travel Seminar Incentive TSI 2019 5 Days 4 Nights Thailand

只需(SA) 100,000 TSI 積分 ONLY (SA) 100.000 ITSI Points 儲分期由2018年1月1日至2018年12月31日 Fiscal Period from 1/1/2018 to 31/12/2018 詳細條款列於SIMP市場計劃小冊內第7頁 This detailed terms and conditions shall be applied in reference to the TSI plan in the DXN SIMP booklet, appearing on

1 獎勵期/Promotion Period

page 7.

由2018年1月1日開始,直至2018年12月31日內。共12個月 This TSI is an annually event organized by the company and is open to all DXN distributors. Its fiscal period commences on the 1st January 2018 and cut-off at 31st of December 2018, total 12 months

2 旅遊研討會獎勵目標分/Targeted Qualifying TSI Point 每一個國家有其自己特定的合格分數,香港2018年度的一年累 積合格分數為100,000分(明星代理或以上適用)。

Every country has its own qualifying points. In HK, 2018 accumulated qualifying point for Star Agent (SA) and above is 100,000 SA Points

任何一個月,如明星代理之合格人數只得一個,將不能獲取旅遊 研討會獎勵積分。

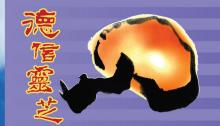
TST Point for Star Agent (SA) and above received in any month will be disqualified if the number of QSA is only one.

公司及鑽石行政委員會保留收改條款權利。

Management and EDC reserve the right to change the term and condition







HONG KONG

優惠級

l: (852) 2388 6583 Fax: (852) 2388 6298







在菌類蔬菜裡面,是比較少見的一種,也是一種名貴的食用菌,被列入八大山珍之一。猴頭菇具有很好的使用功效,具有營養與藥用的結合。

古有"山中猴頭,海味 燕窩"之說。猴頭與魚翅、熊掌、燕窩並譽為四大名菜。猴頭是深山老林中的一種大型肉質菌,喜歡生長在闊葉樹幹斷面或樹洞中。幼小時呈白色,成熟後則變成毛茸茸的黃棕色,從形色上看很像毛猴的腦袋,故而得名。猴頭菇為齒菌科植物猴頭的子實體。我國華北、東北、中南和四川、雲南、甘肅、浙江等地均有分佈,夏秋季採收。人工培育的子實體待菌齡到3個月以上,子實體長成時取下,曬乾或鮮用。性味:味甘,性平。功能:補脾益氣,助消化。

營養與藥用猴頭菌的營養成分很高,乾品中每百克含蛋白質26.3克,是香菇的二倍。它含有氨基酸多達17種,其中人體所需的佔8種。每百克猴頭含脂肪4.2克,是名副其實的高蛋白、低脂肪食品,另外還富含各種維生素和無機鹽。[1]猴頭菇有增進食慾,增強胃粘膜屏障機能,提高淋巴細胞轉化率,提升白細胞等作用。故可以使人體提高對疾病的免疫能力。猴頭還是良好的滋補食品,對神經衰弱、消化道潰瘍有良好療效。

Nutrition Effect

Inside the fungus vegetables, it is a rare species, and it is also a rare edible fungus, and it is included in one of the eight treasures. Hericium erinaceus has good efficacy and has a combination of nutrition and medicinal properties.

Ancient "Hill in the mountain, seafood bird's nest," said. Hericium and shark's fin, bear's paw and bird's nest are known as the four famous dishes. Hericium is a large-scale succulent bacterium in the deep forests and old forests. She likes to grow in broad-leaved trunk sections or tree holes. The young age is white, and when mature, it turns into a furry yellow-brown color. It resembles the head of a monkey and looks like it. Hericium is a fruiting body of the Hericium erinaceus. It is distributed in North China, Northeast China, South China, Sichuan, Yunnan, Gansu, and Zhejiang, and harvested in summer and autumn. Artificially cultivated fruiting bodies are aged for more than 3 months until the fruiting bodies are grown, dried, or freshly used. Taste: sweet, flat. Function: Spleen Qi, help digestion.

Nutrition and medicinal Hericium erinaceus has a high nutrient content of 26.3 grams per hundred grams of dried products, which is twice that of shiitake mushrooms. It contains up to 17 amino acids, of which 8 are needed by the human body. Each gram of Hericium contains 4.2 grams of fat, which is a real high-protein, low-fat food. It is also rich in various vitamins and inorganic salts. [1] Hericium erinaceus has enhanced appetite, enhanced gastric mucosal barrier function, increased lymphocyte transformation rate, and enhanced white blood cell function. Therefore, it can make the human body improve its immunity to diseases. Hericium is a good nourishing food and has good curative effect on neurasthenia and peptic ulcer.

























































